

Sentence

Declarative Sentence

Interrogative Sentence

Imperative Sentence

Declarative Sentence

Lesson 2.3

- ✓ makes a statement or gives information
- ✓ ends with a full stop (.)

Sentence

Lesson 1.3

- ✓ begins with a capital letter.
- ✓ ends with end punctuation
- ✓ expresses a complete thought
- ✓ has both
 - a subject, telling *who or what the sentence is about*
 - a predicate, telling *what the subject is or does*

Imperative Sentence

Lesson 2.3

- ✓ tells or commands someone to do something
- ✓ may end with a full stop (.) or an exclamation mark (!)

Interrogative Sentence

Lesson 2.3

- ✓ asks a question
- ✓ ends with a question mark (?)

Exclamatory Sentence

Capitalisation Rules

Direct Quotation

Parts of Speech

Capitalisation Rules

Lesson 3.3

Capitalise:

- ✓ the first word of every sentence
- ✓ names of people and places
- ✓ titles
- ✓ I
- ✓ O!
- ✓ dates and days of the week

Exclamatory Sentence

Lesson 2.3

- ✓ expresses strong or sudden emotion
- ✓ ends with an exclamation mark (!)

Parts of Speech

Lesson 8.1

1. Noun
2. Pronoun
3. Verb
4. Adjective
5. Adverb
6. Preposition
7. Conjunction
8. Interjection

Direct Quotation

Lesson 5.3

relates what a speaker said or thought, repeating his or her actual words

Noun

Common Noun
Proper Noun

Verb

Helping Verbs

Common & Proper Nouns

Lesson 8.4

- ✓ **common noun** – a name common to a class of persons, places, things, or ideas
- ✓ **proper noun** – a name of some particular person, place, thing, or idea
- ✓ proper nouns must be capitalised

Noun

Lesson 8.3

names a person, place, thing, or idea

Helping Verbs

Lesson 10.3

- ✓ Forms of be: *am, is, are, were, was, be, being, been*
- ✓ 3 D's: *do, does, did*
- ✓ 3 H's: *have, has, had*
- ✓ 3 M's: *may, might, must*
- ✓ 3 doubles: *can-could, shall-should, will-would*

Verb

Lesson 10.1

shows action, being, or state

Subject

Predicate

Adjective

Linking Verbs

Predicate

Lesson 10.4

tells what the subject is or does

Subject

Lesson 10.4

tells who or what the sentence is about

Linking Verbs

Lesson 15.3

join the subject to a noun or adjective in the predicate

Forms of **be**: *am, is, was, were, be, being, been*
Verbs of feeling, seeming, and becoming
Verbs of sensing: *taste, feel, smell, sound, look, appear*

Adjective

Lesson 12.3

describes or defines a noun or a pronoun, telling

what kind? *how many?*
which one?

Adverb

Preposition

Common Prepositions

Pronoun

Preposition

Lesson 19.3

connects a noun or a pronoun to another word in the sentence

Adverb

Lesson 17.3

modifies a verb, an adjective, or another adverb, telling

where?

how?

when?

to what extent?

why?

Pronoun

Lesson 22.3

stands in for a noun

Common Prepositions

Lesson 19.3

aboard	among	between	from	over	underneath
above	around	beyond	in	past	until
about	at	but	into	since	unto
across	before	by	like	through	up
after	behind	down	near	throughout	upon
against	below	during	of	to	with
along	beneath	except	off	toward	within
amid	beside	for	on	under	without

Conjunction

Interjection

Indirect Quotation

Interjection

Lesson 26.3

shows sudden or strong emotion

Conjunction

Lesson 24.3

connects words, phrases, or clauses

(most common: *and, but, or*)

Indirect Quotation

Lesson 27.3

relates what a speaker said or thought without using his or her actual words